



Lowell Police Department 2019 Crime Report

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- CAD entries increased 1%, from 90,320 in 2018 to 90,775 in 2019.
- Disturbance Calls increased .4% in 2019 from 4,900 in 2018 to 4,922 in 2019.
- Highest call volume between 1700-1859, 7 days a week; weekends, Friday/Saturday 0100-0159.
- NIBRS crime decreased 24%, over the 5 year period.
- NIBRS crimes decreased 23% when comparing 2019 (6,064) to 2018 (7,841).
- In 2019, officers arrested 2,807 persons, this statistic represents a 18% decrease over the 5-year period.
- LPD officers filed 18,831 incident reports in 2019, which is a 14% decrease over the 5-year period.
- 5,971 Field Interviews were written by officers in 2019, which is a 53% decrease from 2018.
- Officers issued 17,988 citations in 2019, this statistic represents a 1% increase when compared to 2018.
- In 2019, there were 4 Homicides in the City of Lowell, 1 by means of a firearm, and 2 were gang involved.
- 2019 Forcible Rape (n=19), this number represents a 24% decrease over the 5-year period.
- 2019 Robbery (n=124), this statistic indicates a 30% decrease over the 5-year period and a 5% decrease when compared to 2018.
- 2019 Robbery by type: Street (80%), and Commercial (20%).
- 2019 Aggravated Assaults (n=232), represents a 7% decrease over the 5-year period, and a 23% increase when compared to 2018.
- Approximately 42% of the Aggravated Assaults were Domestic-related.
- Aggravated Assaults primarily took place in the Lower Highlands, Centralville, Acre, Back Central and Downtown Neighborhoods, on Platoon 3.
- 2019 Domestic related offenses (n=2,638), which represents a 12% decrease when compared to 2018. Specifically, Domestic Aggravated Assault increased 27%, Domestic Simple Assault decreased 20%.
- 2019 Burglary (n=298), this statistic represents a 40% decrease over the 5-year period and a 14% decrease when compared to 2018.
- Burglaries primarily took place in the Centralville and Highlands neighborhoods; 49% were into homes that were not secured or had an unknown entry.
- 2019 Car Breaks (n=379), this number represents a 24% decrease over the 5-year period and a 3% increase when compared to 2018.
- Car Breaks primarily occurred in the Centralville, Acre, Back Central, and Downtown neighborhoods, during the overnight hours.
- 2019 Vandalism (n=687) statistic represent a 35% decrease over the 5-year period and a 69% decrease when compared to 2018.
- Vandalism primarily occurred in the Centralville, Acre, and Downtown neighborhoods, however decreases were noted in the Highlands and Lower Belvidere Neighborhoods.
- 2019 Drug Arrests (n= 247), with arrests primarily for Class B (101) and Class A (90).
- 2019 Opioid Overdoses (n=286), this number represents a 34% decrease when compared to 2018.
- 2019 Opioid-related Sudden Deaths (n=43), this number reflects a 19% increase when compared to 2018.



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY *CONTINUED*

- Officers arrested 87 Juveniles in 2019, a 55% decrease when compared to 2018.
- In 2019, 197 incidents took place in Lowell schools, which is a 2% decrease when compared to 2018.
- In 2019, there were 131 incidents involving a firearm; a 7% decrease over the 5-year period and a 8% decrease when compared to 2018.
- Officers recovered 82 Firearms in 2019; 13% of individuals found to be illegally in possession of a firearm were suspected gang members.
- In 2019, Shots Fired/Discharging (n=63) increased 15% when compared to 2018.
- Eight people were non-fatally shot in 2019, 5 of these incidents were gang-related.
- There were 14 homes struck by gunfire, 3 of which were considered to be gang-related.
- Firearm Activity primarily occurred between 2000-0500, Friday-Sunday in the Acre, Centralville and Lower Highlands neighborhoods.
- In 2019, gang incidents (n=272) decreased 15% when compared to 2018.
- In 2019, Officers arrested 115 suspected gang members and associates.
- Gang-related violence primarily occurred in the Acre, Lower Highlands and Centralville neighborhoods.



METHODOLOGY/ LIMITATIONS

The data contained throughout this analysis was collected through the LPD Records Management System, Larimore, and by means of the Crime Analysis/Intelligence Unit's database. Statistics by crime type (Rape, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Car Breaks, Vandalism), were then matched to those reported to the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS). NIBRS statistics are compiled solely by the LPD Records Bureau.

Statistics contained within this report are subject to change due to ongoing investigations.

CAD data presented within this report does not include Fire Calls.

Use caution when interpreting racial identification statistics, as it is not always reported accurately.

Opioid Overdose statistics gathered by LPD are based on evidence at the scene, as detailed within the police report. If evidence is consistent with Heroin/ Opioid use, i.e. hypodermic needles present, Opioid pill bottles, or evidence of prior intravenous drug use, these cases are included. Cocaine overdoses in which Narcan revived the victim are also included, as Fentanyl has been found in this substance. Therefore, statistics should be interpreted with caution, and will not be consistent with Trinity or that from the Department of Public Health.

Opioid related Sudden Death statistics are based on details at the scene (same as above). Therefore, Opioid Sudden Death statistics should be interpreted with caution, and are not an official cause of death from the medical examiner. This data will not be consistent with the Department of Public Health data.

Gang related incidents include only those members that self admit membership, or have been identified by the LPD, and are suspected to be gang involved.

Firearm activity only includes incidents in which the use of the firearm was verified by evidence.

The Domestic Assault section contains raw data that has not been filtered to meet NIBRS standards, therefore, assault statistics will not match citywide Aggravated Assault information.

The citation system was added to Crimeview in 2015, which now allows CAIU to pull this information. Data from years prior were stored in a different system and is not comparable at this time.

Split time is defined as the median time between the start point and end point (i.e. the beginning of a stretch of time when a crime could have occurred if the exact time is unknown).

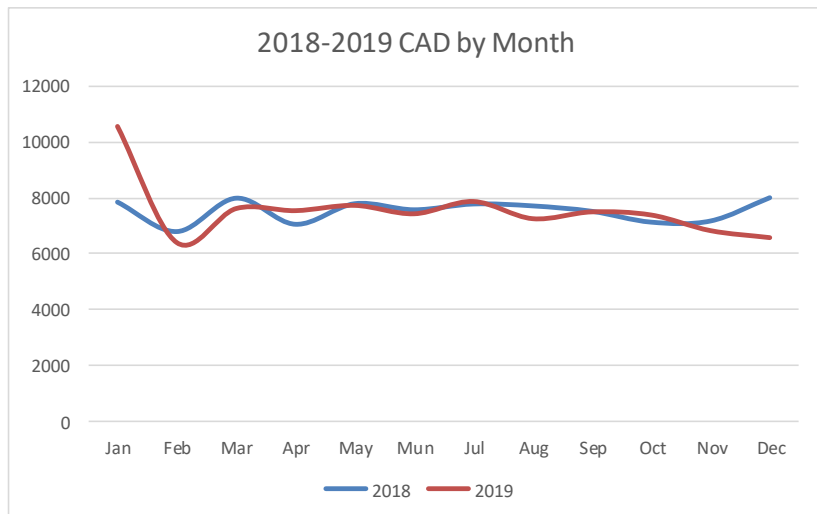
In prior years, Domestic related incidents have followed Massachusetts General Law. For consistency, Domestic Assaults deemed Simple and Aggravated will now follow NIBRS standards, in line with all other crime types presented.



COMPUTER AIDED DISPATCH (CAD)

City of Lowell 5- Year CAD

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Frequency	96,680	89,213	98,034	90,320	90,775	93,004	-6%



LPD responded to 90,775 CAD calls in 2019. This number reflects a .5% increase when compared to 2018, which recorded 90,320 CAD Entries. 2019 statistics have declined 6% over the 5 year period, and are below the 5 year average of 93,004.

Medical Calls (n=18,652), Proactive Policing (n=14,733) and Traffic/MV Charges (n=10,215) have the highest call volume. Disturbance Calls have increased .4%, from 4,900 in 2018 to 4,922 in 2019.

CAD Categories	Total
911 Hangup/Misdial	2558
Abandoned House	24
Accident	5221
Alarm	3536
Animal Problem	1275
Arrest/Wagon Request	324
Assault	1529
Assistance	2418
B&E	428
B&E MV	383
BOLO	156
Disturbances	4922
Domestic	3008
Fight	1889
Fire	1089
Harassment	579
Illegal Dumping	95
K-9	35
Landlord/Tenant Problem	186
Medical	18652
Missing	1396
Other	1015
Police Business	1776
Prisoner Services	500
Proactive Policing	14733
Robbery	84
Runaway	6
Search Warrant	48
Service Calls	4547
Sex Offender	38
Sexual Assault	99
Suspicious	1859
Theft	2505
Traffic/MV Charges	10215
Unknown Problem	418
Unwanted	1652
Vandalism/Damage	952
Vice Activity	392
Weapon	233
Grand Total	90775



CAD CONTINUED

Hour Block	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Grand Total
0000-0059	539	344	326	346	360	359	426	2700
0100-0159	747	457	453	500	460	527	672	3816
0200-0259	568	406	382	378	394	489	526	3143
0300-0359	436	317	284	301	279	328	403	2348
0400-0459	266	249	204	198	200	258	282	1657
0500-0549	226	228	214	220	224	225	219	1556
0600-0659	220	345	309	316	339	306	234	2069
0700-0759	212	424	403	456	408	364	219	2486
0800-0859	290	508	624	683	645	593	346	3689
0900-0959	376	666	753	768	738	709	457	4467
1000-1059	447	794	778	820	775	748	511	4873
1100-1159	445	732	740	802	709	757	576	4761
1200-1259	531	732	712	749	688	667	531	4610
1300-1359	520	725	739	764	732	722	531	4733
1400-1459	515	610	693	695	720	701	501	4435
1500-1559	454	597	668	632	648	651	503	4153
1600-1659	489	765	732	679	728	783	531	4707
1700-1759	642	906	917	905	857	922	709	5858
1800-1859	691	794	829	767	762	811	695	5349
1900-1959	582	676	622	641	653	754	609	4537
2000-2059	574	543	621	610	601	621	584	4154
2100-2159	563	576	598	610	552	657	605	4161
2200-2259	458	497	503	485	500	583	630	3656
2300-2359	364	382	339	351	369	509	543	2857
Grand Total	11155	13273	13443	13676	13341	14044	11843	90775

Total CAD Entries are displayed by hour block and day of week. Red denotes the highest call volume, and green the lowest.

There is a higher call volume Monday through Friday between 0900-1859, which is very similar to 2018 data. The hours of 1700-1759 (n= 5,858), and 1800-1859 (n=5,349) were the busiest regardless of day of week. Saturday and Sunday have high call volumes between 0100-0159.



GENERAL STATISTICS

City of Lowell 5- Year NIBRS 2015-2019

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Group A	6,663	6,104	5,689	5,169	4,844	5,694	-27%
Group B	1,482	1,263	1,336	2,672	1,220	1,595	-18%
Total	8,145	7,367	7,025	7,841	6,064	7,288	-26%

Group A and B Crimes continue to decline over the 5-year period (-26%). Refer to 2019 NIBRS statistics for specific categories on the following page.

City of Lowell 5- Year Arrests/Booking Totals 2015-2019

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Total Arrests	3,407	3,476	3,299	3,212	2,807	3,240	-18%

Arrests have declined 18% over the 5-year period, with 2,807 persons booked by LPD in 2019. There was a 13% decrease when compared to 2018.

City of Lowell 5- Year Incident Totals 2015-2019

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Total Incidents	21,968	22,495	22,473	19,682	18,831	21,090	-14%

Officers wrote 18,831 reports in 2019, a 14% decrease over the 5 year period and a 4% decrease when compared to 2018.

City of Lowell 5- Year Field Information Totals 2015-2019

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Total FI's	3,493	6,060	11,573	12,774	5,971	7,974	+71%

Officers continue to conduct Field Interviews (FI's) at a very high rate. Officers wrote 5,971 FI's in 2019, a 71% increase over the 5-year period and a 53% decrease when compared to 2018.

City of Lowell 5- Year Citation Totals 2015-2019

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Total Citations	N/A	19,593	17,511	17,728	17,988	N/A	N/A

In 2019, officers issued 17,988 citations, a 1% increase when compared to 2018. 2015 information is not available at this time. Please refer to the Methodology/ Limitations on page 5 for a full explanation.



NIBRS

Offense	2018	2019	Frequency Change	Percent Change
09A Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter	4	4	0	0%
100 Kidnaping/Abduction	12	17	5	42%
11A Forcible Rape	22	19	-3	-14%
11B Forcible Sodomy	1	0	-1	-100%
11D Forcible Fondling	22	25	3	14%
120 Robbery	105	100	-5	-5%
13A Aggravated Assault	189	232	43	23%
13B Simple Assault	1,317	1,149	-168	-13%
13C Intimidation	188	160	-28	-15%
200 Arson	15	10	-5	-33%
210 Extortion/Blackmail	3	2	-1	-33%
220 Burglary/Breaking & Entering	348	298	-50	-14%
23A Pocket Picking	3	3	0	0%
23B Purse-snatching	5	5	0	0%
23C Shoplifting	230	179	-51	-22%
23D Theft From Building	57	106	49	86%
23E Theft from a Coin Operated Machine/Device	1	0	-1	-100%
23F Theft From Motor Vehicle	281	379	98	35%
23G Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	129	76	-53	-41%
23H All Other Larceny	466	462	-4	-1%
240 Motor Vehicle Theft	222	180	-42	-19%
250 Counterfeiting/Forgery	47	47	0	0%
26A False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Games	110	85	-25	-23%
26B Credit Card/Automatic Teller Fraud	124	113	-11	-9%
26C Impersonation	65	85	20	31%
26E Wire Fraud	32	30	-2	-6%
270 Embezzlement	15	13	-2	-13%
280 Stolen Property Offenses	22	33	11	50%
290 Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	748	687	-61	-8%
35A Drug/Narcotic Violations	247	234	-13	-5%
36A Incest	1	0	-1	-100%
36B Statutory Rape	2	1	-1	-50%
370 Pornography/Obscene Material	7	8	1	14%
39A Betting/Wagering	1	0	-1	-100%
39B Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling	1	1	0	0%
40A Prostitution	10	0	-10	-100%
40B Assisting or Promoting Prostitution	1	1	0	0%
40C Purchasing Prostitution	6	0	-6	-100%
520 Weapon Law Violations	109	97	-12	-11%
720 Animal Cruelty	1	3	2	200%
Group A Total	5,169	4,844	-325	-6%
90A Bad Checks	1	6	5	500%
90C Disorderly Conduct	292	175	-117	-40%
90D Driving Under The Influence	113	64	-49	-43%
90E Drunkenness	5	0	-5	-100%
90F Family Offenses (Nonviolent)	63	9	-54	-86%
90G Liquor Law Violations	126	82	-44	-35%
90J Trespass of Real Property	149	73	-76	-51%
90Z All Other Offenses	1,923	811	-1112	-58%
Group B Total	2,672	1,220	-1452	-54%
Total Group A&B	7,841	6,064	-1777	-23%



HOMICIDE

Lowell 5- Year Homicide					
Year	Frequency	Means	Neighborhood	Motive	Status
2015	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2016	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2017	1	Firearm	Highlands	Domestic	Closed
2018	4	Firearm	Back Central	Gang/ Road rage	Closed
		Firearm	Sacred Heart	Gang/Drug	Closed
		Firearm	Lower Highlands	Gang/Drug	Open
		Hands/Fist/Feet	Acre	Gang/ Robbery/ Drug	Closed
2019	4	Knife	Acre	Gang/Robbery/Drug	Closed
		Firearm	Highlands	Gang	Open
		Hands/Fist/Feet	Lower Highlands	Domestic	Closed
		Blunt Instrument	Highlands	UNK	Closed

Homicides have increased over the 5-year period from zero to 4, and 2019 homicides are above the 5-year average of 1.8. The four homicides included: (1) A gang member stabbed during a drug sale with a homeless man. (2) A gang member shot outside his residence, this case remains open. (3) A domestic incident in which the ex-boyfriend held the victim against her will, and killed a resident of her building. (4) Involved parties known to one another, unknown motive.



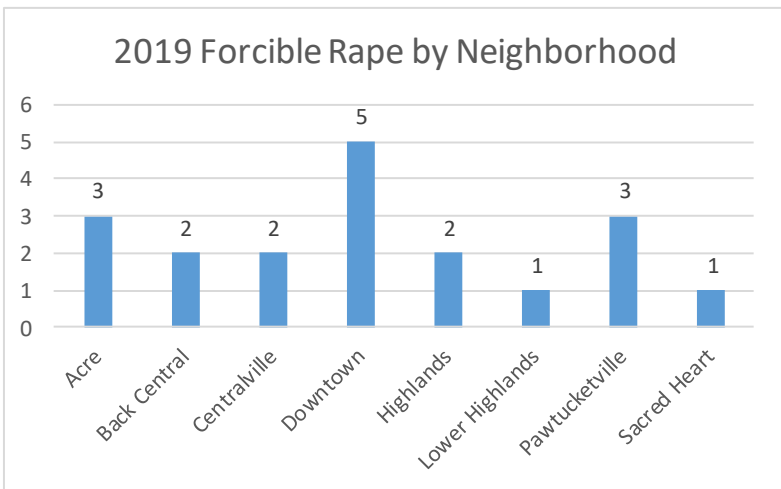
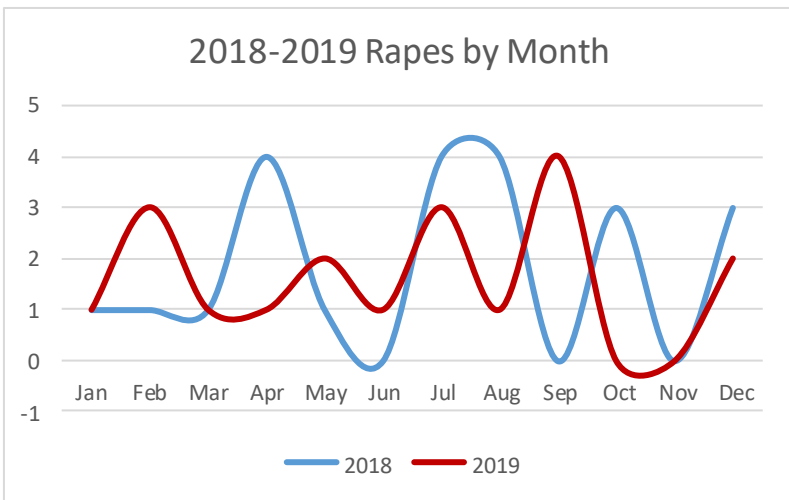
RAPE

City of Lowell 5- Year Forcible Rape							
Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Frequency	25	19	11	22	19	19	-24%

Over the 5 –year period, incidents of Forcible Rape have declined (-24%). In 2019, there were 19 incidents of Forcible Rape which reflects a 14% decrease from the 22 reported in 2018.

Forcible Rape incidents appear to increase in the months of July through September. Currently 8 of the 19 cases have been cleared by an Arrest (n=7), or Complaint (n=1). The remaining 11 cases continue to be open and under investigation.

When age was provided (n=15) , the average age of the victim was 24 and all were female. The 4 incidents without age were children that reported incidents years later. In regards to relationship between the victim and offender, the majority were acquaintances (n=8), a family member or roommate (n=5), an ex/or dating partner (n=3), and in 3 cases the perpetrator was a stranger.



2019 Forcible Rape– Age of Victim	
17 and Under	6
18-24	4
25-34	5
35-44	4
Total	19



ROBBERY

City of Lowell 5- Year Robbery							
Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Frequency	142	127	144	105	100	124	-30%

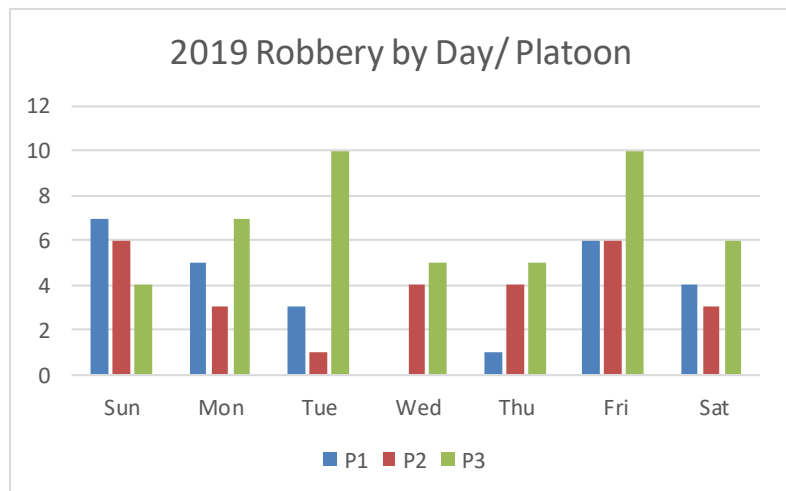
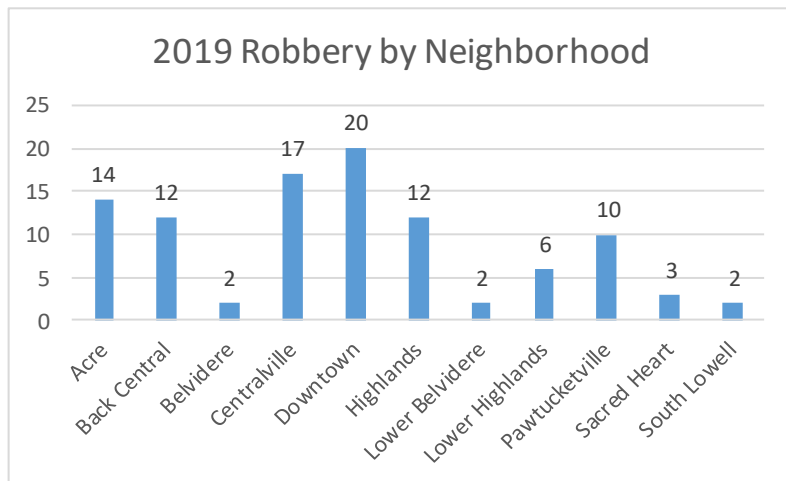
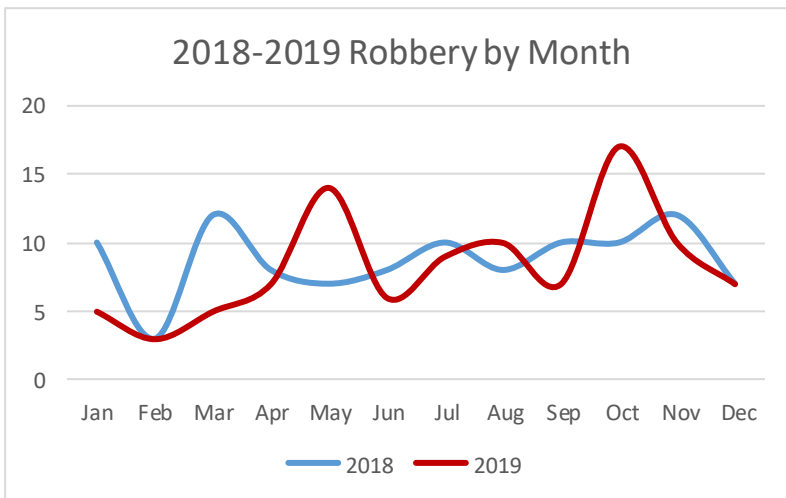
Since 2015, Robberies have gradually been on a downward trend (-30%). In 2019, there were 100 incidents of Robbery reported in the City of Lowell, which reflects a 5% decrease when compared to 2018.

2018-2019 Robberies by Neighborhood showed the following increases: Highlands (100% or 6), Lower Belvidere (100% or 1), Acre (86% or 5), Downtown (50% or 7), and Pawtucketville (25% or 2). All other neighborhoods reported decreases.

Regardless, the Downtown and Centralville Neighborhoods had the majority of Robberies.

When reviewing the time the Robberies are occurring, based on split time (refer to page 5 for a complete definition), 47% of the incidents occurred on Platoon 3, while 27% are on Platoon 2 and 26% on Platoon 1.

Incidents predominantly took place on Platoon 3 (54%), and over the weekends (47%), on Friday (22%) and Sundays (17%).





ROBBERY *CONTINUED*

Of the 100 Robberies reported, 50% were cleared. Thirty percent were cleared by arrest, 17% were cleared by a Complaint/Summons, and 3% were cleared by a Warrant/other Clearance.

Forty-six percent of the Robberies were Armed and 54% were Unarmed. Of the Armed Robberies, 26% listed a Firearm being used, 15% listed a Knife/Cutting Instrument being used, 4% listed a Blunt Instrument, 4% listed "Other" or an Implied weapon used, and a BB gun was used in 1 incident.

Eighty percent of the Robberies reported were Street Robberies and 20% were Commercial Robberies. District A-1 had the largest number of Street Robberies occur, while District B-1 had the largest number of Commercial Robberies.

Other variables of note:

- CVS on Middlesex St. was the only store robbed twice.
- There were 3 Robberies that took place in South Common.
- 5 incidents were Purse snatchings, 3 took place in the Lower Highlands.
- Two incidents revolved around the use of electronic market places (LetGo/FB Market Place).
- Nine of the Robberies were Home Invasions.
- Chains were stolen in 3 incidents.
- Two incidents were drug rips.
- Four incidents were set ups by a female party.
- Two incidents involved a taxi driver being robbed.

2019 Robbery Clearance	
Arrest	30
Complaint	17
Warrant/ Other Clearance	3
Total	50

2019 Robbery Weapon	
Firearm	26
Hands/Fist/Feet	50
Knife/Cutting Instrument	15
Blunt Instrument	4
Other	4
BB Gun	1
Total	100



AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

City of Lowell 5- Year Aggravated Assaults

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Frequency	249	212	139	189	232	204	-7%

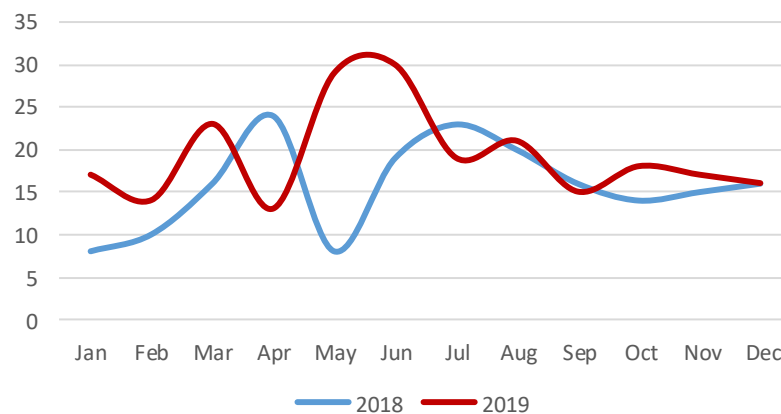
In 2019, there were a total of 232 incidents of Aggravated Assault, which reflects a 23% increase when compared to 2018. Over the five year period, Aggravated Assaults have declined 7% from 249 in 2015 to 232 in 2019. Of the 232 incidents in 2019, 42% (n=98) were Domestic-related and are discussed on page 16.

2019 Aggravated Assaults were high in the first six months of the year which drove the increase when compared to 2018. Specifically March (n=23), May (n=29), and June (n=30), which had the highest number of incidents for the year.

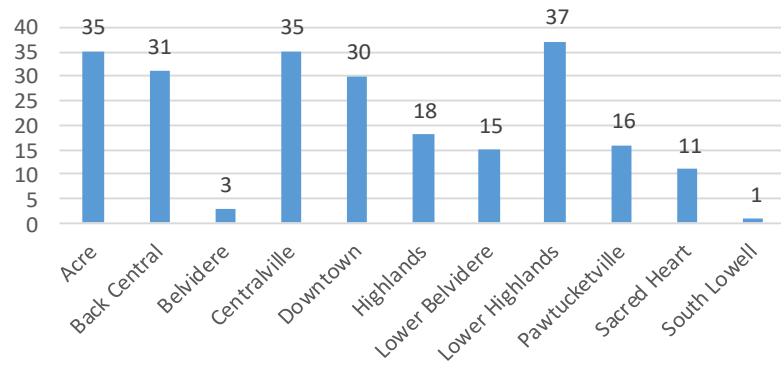
Aggravated Assaults primarily took place in the Lower Highlands Neighborhood (16%), followed by Centralville (15%), Back Central (13%), and Downtown (13%). All four Neighborhoods increased when compared to 2018. Back Central had the largest increase (72%), followed by the Lower Highlands (54%), Centralville (21%), Downtown (20%) and the Acre (13%).

Platoon 3 is the busiest time period for Aggravated Assaults (52%), followed by Platoon 1 (28%), and Platoon 2 (20%). A higher number of Aggravated Assaults took place on Saturday and Sunday (40%).

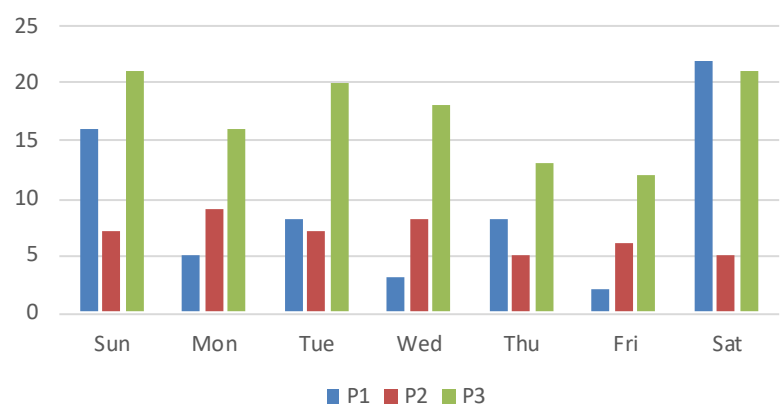
2018-2019 Aggravated Assault by Month



2019 Aggravated Assault by Neighborhood



2019 Aggravated Assault by Day/Platoon





AGGRAVATED ASSAULT *CONTINUED*

The Aggravated Assault clearance rate is approximately 79%, with Arrests made in 53% of the cases almost immediately, and 22% through either a Complaint/Warrant.

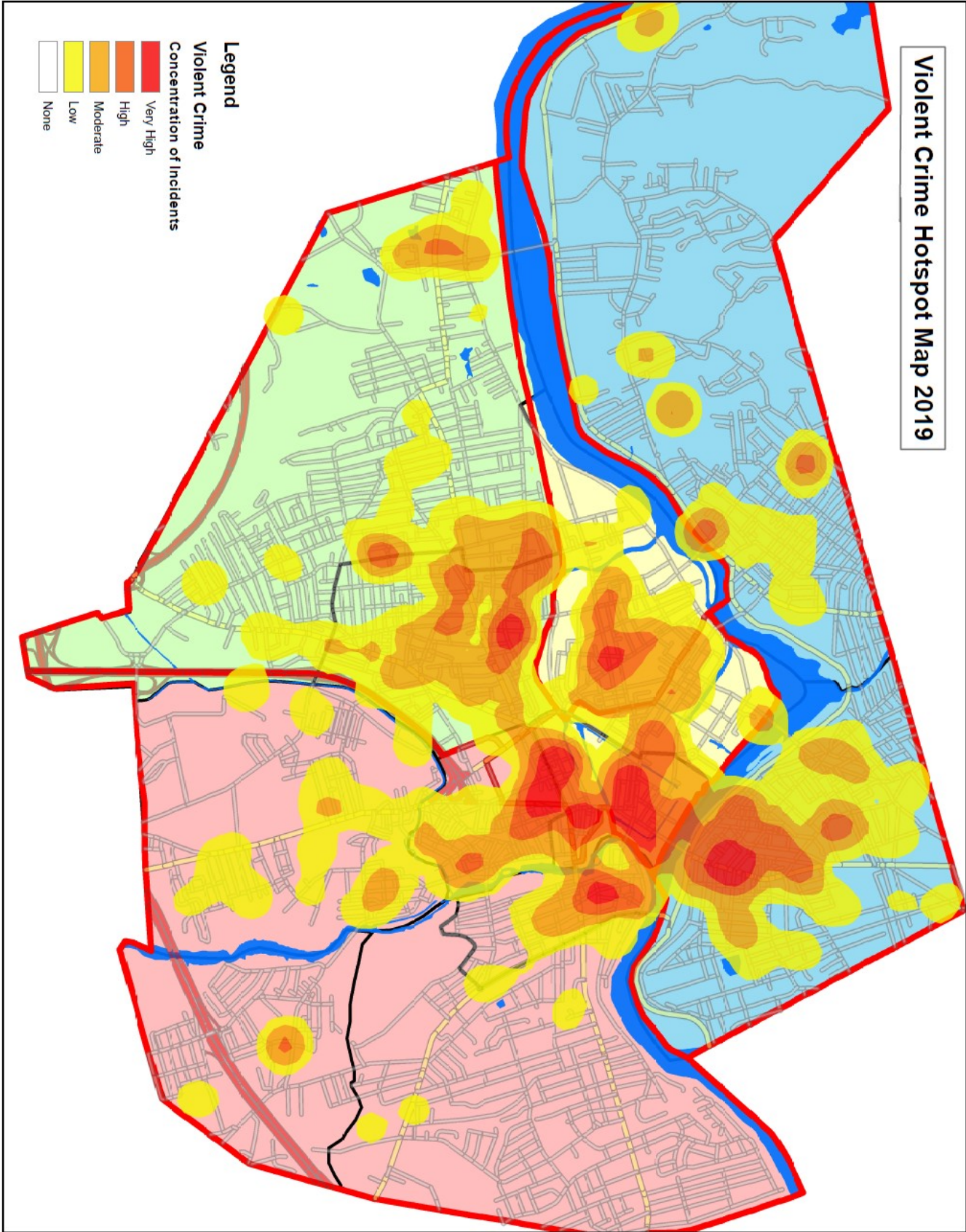
Fifty-one percent of the Aggravated Assaults involved the use of a Knife/Cutting Instrument, followed by Hands, Fist, or Feet (10%), Blunt Instrument (10%), Other (9%), Handgun (9%), Blunt Instrument (4%), BB Gun (3%), and Motor Vehicle (2%). Use of a Knife or cutting instrument doubled when compared to 2018.

2019 Aggravated Assault Clearance	
Arrest	124
Complaint/ Warrant	52
Open	49
Other Clearance	7
Total	232

2019 Aggravated Assault Weapon	
BB Gun	6
Blunt Instrument	23
Handgun	21
Hands/Fist/ Feet	24
Knife/ Cutting Instrument	118
Other	22
Motor Vehicle	17
Total	232



VIOLENT CRIME MAP





DOMESTIC INCIDENTS

City of Lowell Domestic Incidents 2018-2019 Comparison

Crime Category	2018	2019	Frequency Change	Percent Change
Aggravated Assault	77	98	21	27%
Simple Assault	931	743	-188	-20%
RO Violation	122	129	7	6%
Domestic Argument	1873	1668	-205	-11%
Total	3003	2638	-365	-12%

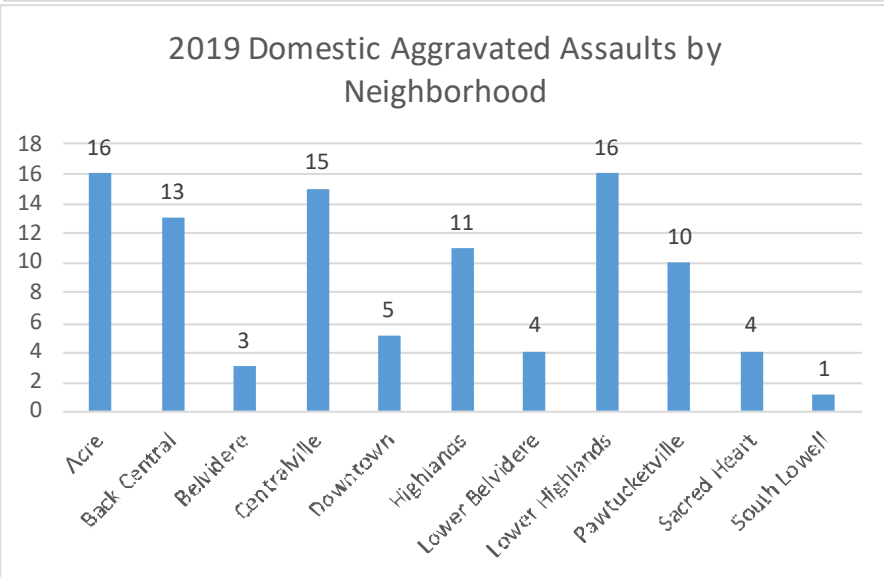
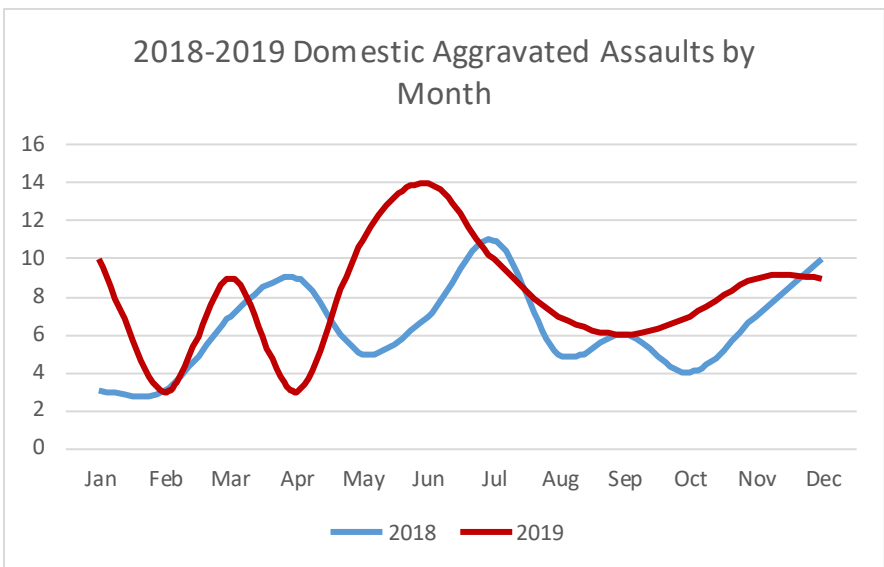
*Please see page 5 for new data collection methods for 2018-2019 Aggravated and Simple Assaults.

In 2019 there were a total of 2638 Domestic related incidents reported to the LPD, a decrease of 12%. See below for a full analysis and comparison for each Crime Category.

Aggravated Assault

There were a total of 98 Domestic Aggravated Assaults in 2019, this reflects an increase of 27% when compared to 2018, which recorded 77. The months of January (10), June (14) and July (10) recorded the highest number of incidents, exceeding those on 2018.

In regards to Neighborhoods, the Lower Highlands (16), Acre (16) and Centralville neighborhoods (15) reported the highest number of incidents. These three neighborhoods also had the highest reported cases in 2018.

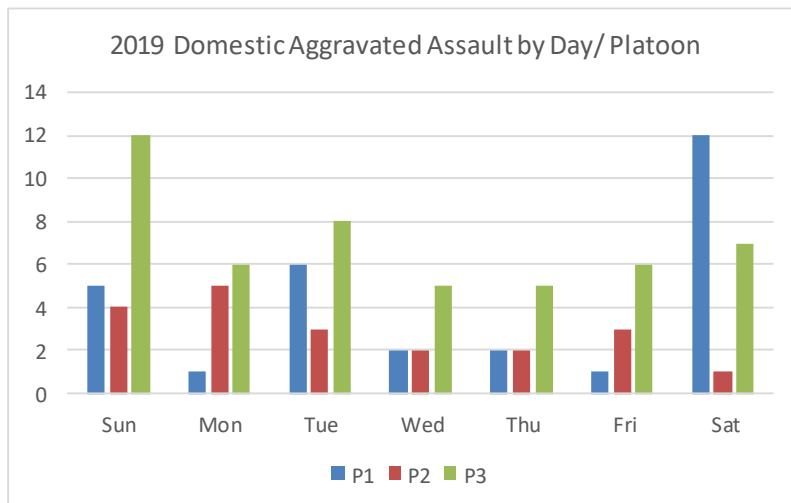




DOMESTIC INCIDENTS

Aggravated Assaults primarily took place on Platoon 3 regardless of day. There was also a higher number of incidents on Platoon 1 Friday into Saturday Morning.

In 77% of all the Domestic Aggravated Assaults, offenders were listed as male, and 23% female. In 46% of all Domestic Aggravated Assaults 46% were male, and 54% female.



In regards to race and understanding the limitations of this data, offenders were primarily Hispanic (39%), and White (31%). Victims similarly were primarily Hispanic (38%) or White (30%).

The age of victims and offenders involved in Domestic Aggravated Assaults primarily fall within the age range of 18 –40. Seventy percent of the offenders and 70% of victims fell into this age group.

When examining the relationship between parties involved, the majority were in Dating relationship (26%), or were ex-Dating partners (18%).

The majority of offenders were arrested almost immediately after the Aggravated Assault (68%). Only 3% were not cleared by either Complaint, Warrant arrest or by Exceptional means.

Age Group	Offender	Victim	Vic- Off Relationship	Frequency
18-24	15	23	Dating Partners	25
25-30	30	17	Ex Dating Partners	18
31-35	11	16	Spouses	12
36-40	12	13	Roommates	12
41-45	9	5	Parent/Child	11
46-50	11	6	Other Family	11
51-55	3	2	Siblings	5
56-60	2	2	Ex Spouses	3
61+	1	3	Same sex spouses	1
Juvenile	3	9	Total	98
UNK	1	2		
Total	98	98		

Race	Offender Race	Victim Race	Clearance	Frequency
Asian	15	13	Arrest	67
Black	12	15	Complaint	25
Hispanic	38	37	Open	3
Indian/Middle Eastern	1	2	Other Clearance	1
White	30	29	Warrant	2
Unknown	2	2	Grand Total	98
Total	98	98		



DOMESTIC INCIDENTS

Simple Assaults

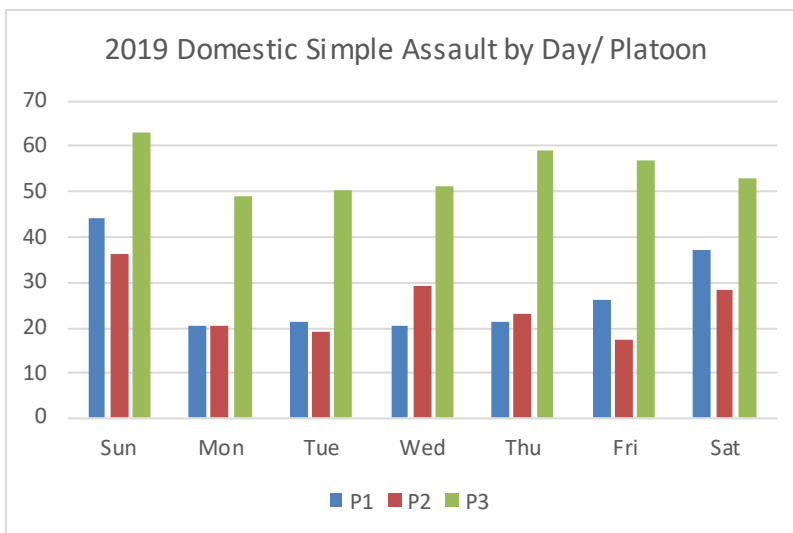
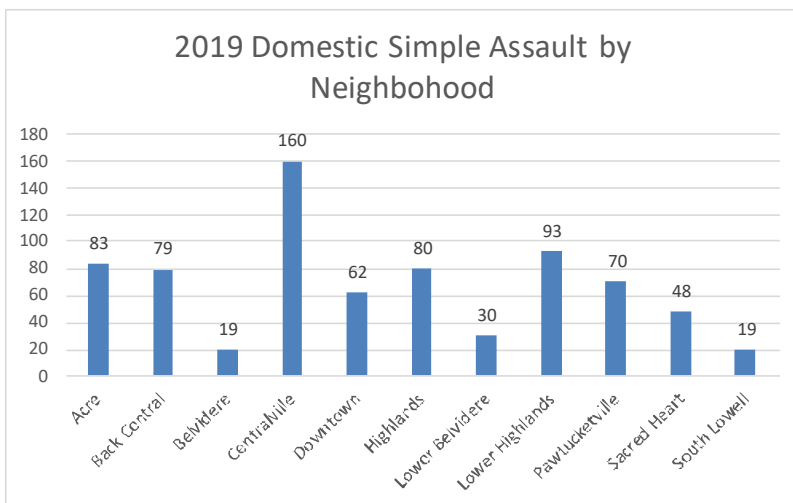
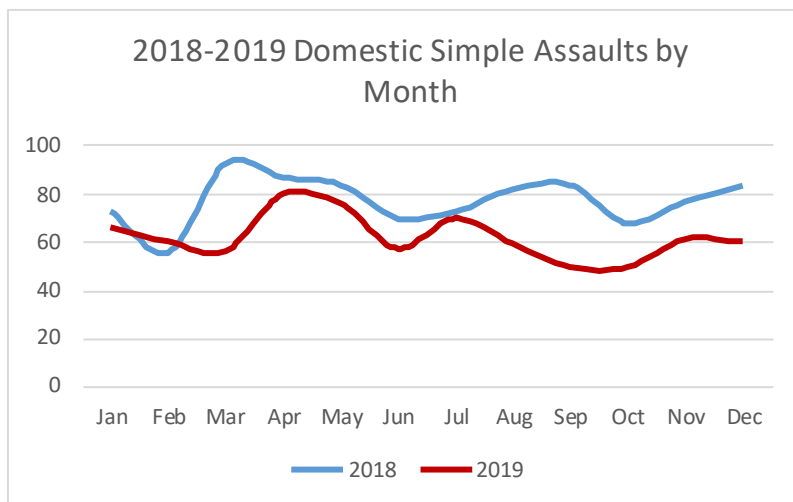
There were a total of 743 Domestic Simple Assaults in 2019, this number reflects a 20% decrease when compared to 2018 which recorded 931 incidents.

Although the number of Simple Assaults are lower than 2018, the pattern by month in 2019 followed very similarly, with the exception of August and September. In 2019 the highest number of reported incidents took place in April (80), and July (70).

Domestic Simple Assaults were highest in Centralville (n=160), Lower Highlands (n= 93) and the Acre (n=83). These statistics follow the same pattern as 2018.

Regardless of day of week, the majority of incidents were reported on Platoon 3 (50%), with the highest number overall taking place on Friday (100), Saturday (118), and Sunday (143).

In 74% of all the Domestic Simple Assaults offenders were listed as male, and 26% female. Two cases had an unknown gender. In 75% of all Domestic Simple Assaults the victim was listed as female, and 25% were listed as male.





DOMESTIC INCIDENTS *CONTINUED*

In regards to race and understanding the limitations of this data, offenders were primarily White (45%), and Hispanic (30%). Victims similarly were primarily White (51%) or Hispanic (26%).

The age of victims and offenders involved in Domestic Simple Assaults primarily fall within the age range of 18 –35. Fifty-eight percent of the offenders and 57% of victims fell into this age group.

Age Group	Offender	Victim
Juvenile	32	30
18-24	150	162
25-30	180	154
31-35	100	106
36-40	96	65
41-45	55	65
46-50	45	51
51-55	31	47
56-60	28	25
61 +	19	30
UNK	7	8
Total	743	743

Victim– Offender Relationship	Frequency
Dating Partners	323
Parent/Child	100
Ex-Dating Partners	99
Spouses	76
Roommates	47
Siblings	36
Other Family	34
Same Sex Dating/ Spouse	9
Ex-Spouses	2
Missing Data	17
Total	743

Race	Offender Race	Victim Race	Clearance	Frequency
Asian	67	69	Arrest	499
Black	86	71	Complaint	203
Hispanic	223	196	Open	13
Indian/Middle Eastern	7	6	Other Clearance	7
White	338	376	Warrant	21
Unknown	22	25	Total	743
Total	743	743		

When examining the relationship between parties involved, the majority were in Dating relationship (43%), ex-Dating partners (13%), Parent/Child (13%), or Spouses (10%).

The majority of offenders were arrested almost immediately after the Domestic Simple Assaults (67%). Only 2% were not cleared by either Complaint, Warrant arrest or by Exceptional means.

RO Violation

There were a total of 129 incidents of a Violation of a Restraining Order in 2019. This number reflects an increase of 6% when compared to 2018 data.

Violations primarily involved In-Person (50%), followed by Telephone (38%), Social media/Internet/ Email (9%), Mail (2%), and 3rd Party (1%). Those involved in RO Violations were more often than not Ex Dating Partners (56%), Spouses (12%), or Parent/ Child (9%).

Ninety-Seven percent of RO Violations were cleared by Arrest, Complaint, or Warrant.

Vic- Off Relationship	Frequency
Ex-Dating Partners	72
Spouses	16
Parent/child	11
Ex-Spouses	9
Dating Partners	8
Other Family	5
Roommates	3
UNK	3
Siblings	1
Ex-Same Sex Dating	1
Total	129



DOMESTIC INCIDENTS *CONTINUED*

Domestic Argument

There were a total of 1668 Domestic Argument reported to the LPD. This number reflects a 11% decrease when compared to 2018, which reported 1873 incidents.

The relationship between involved parties were primarily Dating Partners (35%), Parent Child (20%), Ex-Dating Partners (14%), Spouses (13%), Other Family members (5%), and Siblings (5%).

Domestic Arguments primarily took place in Centralville (20%), Acre (14%), Pawtucketville (12%), Highlands (12%) and Lower Highlands (11%).



BURGLARY

City of Lowell 5- Year Burglary

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Frequency	496	393	475	348	298	402	-40%

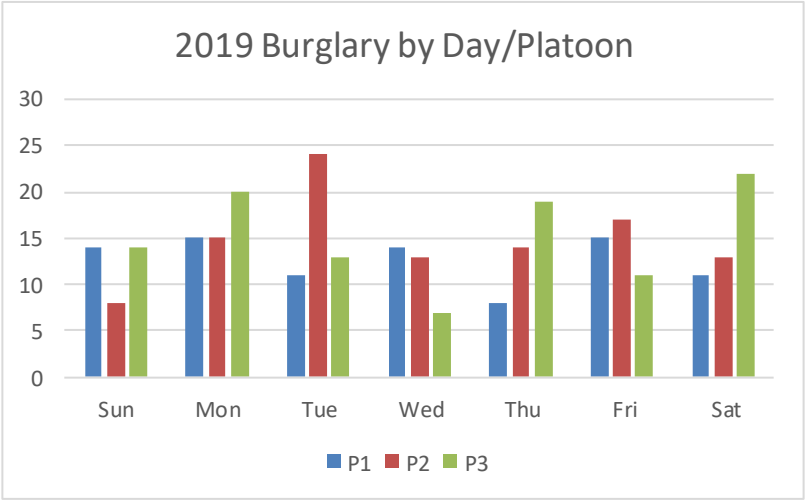
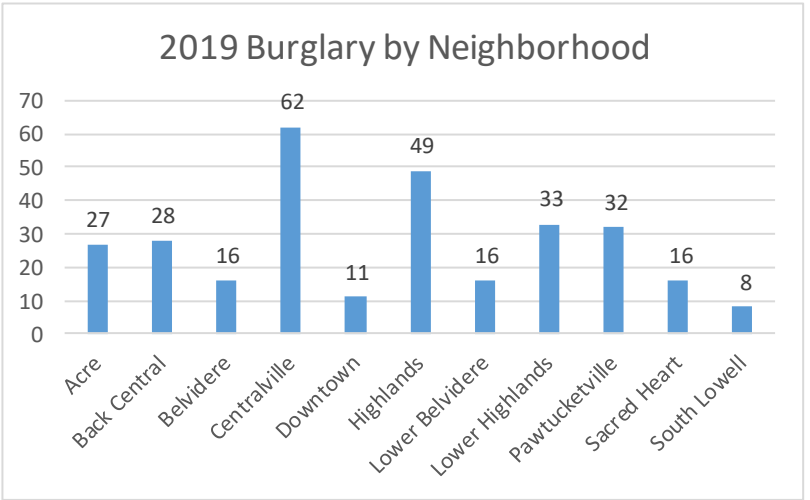
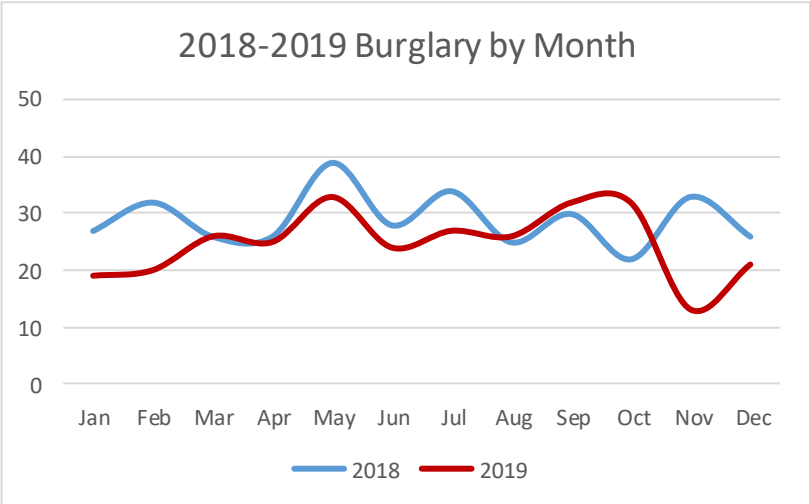
During 2019, the City of Lowell had a total of 298 Burglaries reported. This number reflects a 14% decrease when compared to 2018, and a 40% decrease when compared over the 5 year period.

The months of May (n=39), September (n=32), October (n=31) had the highest number of Burglaries.

The most problematic neighborhoods for Burglary are Centralville (n=62), and the Highlands (n=49). This data is consistent with 2018 Data. In 2018 Downtown (-73%) and Back Central (-43%) also reported high numbers, however in 2019 are reporting significant decreases.

Burglaries were split relatively evenly by Platoon: Platoon 1 (n=88), Platoon 2 (n=104), and Platoon 3 (n=106). Similarly incidents were reported consistently by day, with Mondays having the largest frequency (n=50).

90% percent of the reported Burglaries were Residential (n=267) and 10% were Commercial (n=31).





BURGLARY *CONTINUED*

Out of the total Burglaries reported, 51% (n=151) were Forcibly Entered, 37% (n=110) were Unlawfully Entered, 12% (n=37) were Unknown Entries.

In the majority of Burglaries, point of entry was made through the door (n=150) or window (n=89).

Thirty-two percent of all the Burglaries were cleared, specifically by Arrest (n=56), Complaint (n=28), and Warrant/Other Clearance (n=12).

2019 Burglary Entry Method	
Forcible Entry	151
Unlawful Entry/ No Force	110
Unknown Entry	37
Total	298

2019 Burglary Clearance	
Arrest	56
Complaint	28
Warrant/ Other Clearance	12
Open	202
Total	298



CAR BREAKS

City of Lowell 5- Year Car Breaks

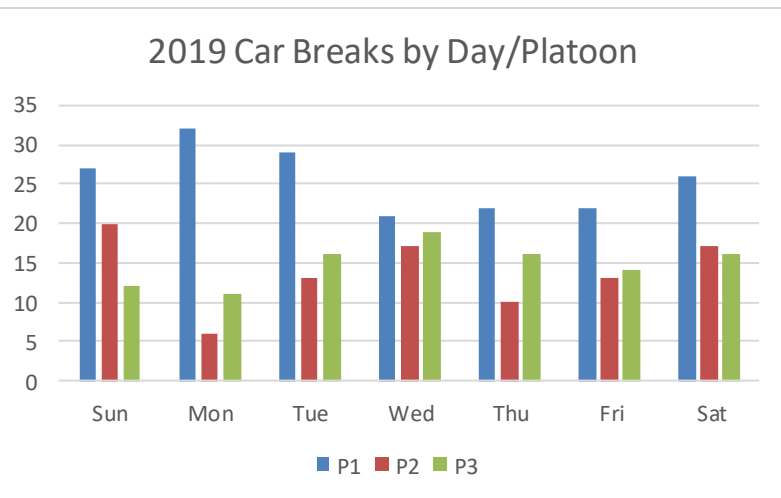
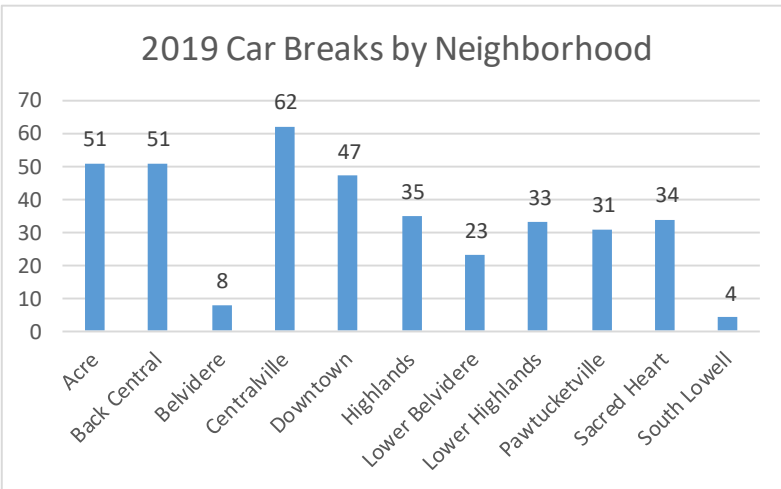
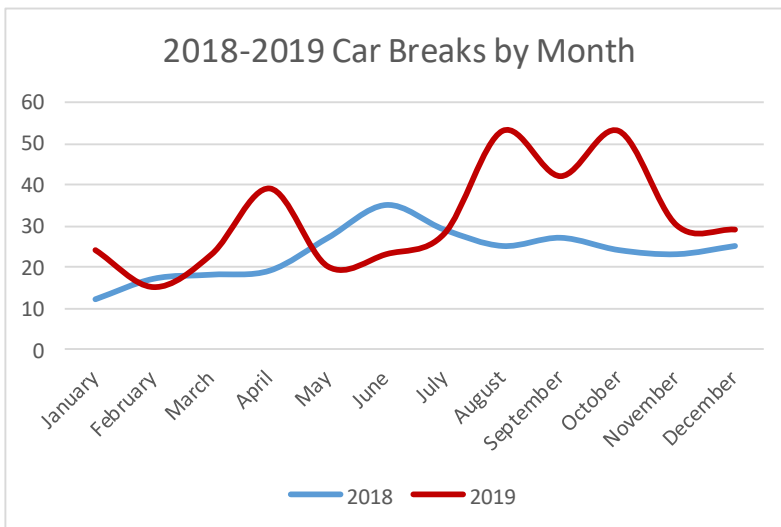
Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Frequency	501	464	425	281	379	410	-24%

In 2019, there were 379 incidents of Car Breaks (Theft from Vehicle) reported in the City of Lowell. This number reflects a 35% increase when compared to 2018 and a 24% decrease over the 5-year period.

Car Breaks showed an initial increase in the Spring, specifically April. The numbers leveled off and then increased again in August through October. Forty-percent of all Car Breaks took place during these 3 Months.

Centralville experienced the majority of Car Breaks (16%), followed by the Acre and Back Central (13% each), and Downtown (12%). These Neighborhoods also had the highest numbers in 2018. The only Neighborhoods that reported a decrease were Belvidere and South Lowell, however the decreases were minimal.

When looking at the time the Car Breaks are occurring, based on split time, 47% of the incidents are occurring on Platoon 1, followed by 28% and 25% on Platoon 3. Approximately 37% of the Car Breaks occurred between the time period of 18:00-22:59.





CAR BREAKS *CONTINUED*

Of the 379 Car Breaks that occurred in 2019, 72% were Non-Forcible Entry, 15% were Unknown Entry, 10% were Forcible Entry, and 3% were Attempted Entry.

Car Break Clearance rate was 10% for the year 2019. Five percent were cleared by an Arrest and 5% by a Complaint.

2017 Car Break Method Entry	
Attempted Entry	12
Forcible Entry	38
Unlawful Entry/ No Force	272
Unknown Entry	57
Total	379

2017 Car Break Clearance	
Arrest	17
Complaint	18
Other Clearance	2
Open	342
Total	379



VANDALISM

City of Lowell 5- Year Vandalism

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Frequency	1057	1147	862	751	687	983	-35%

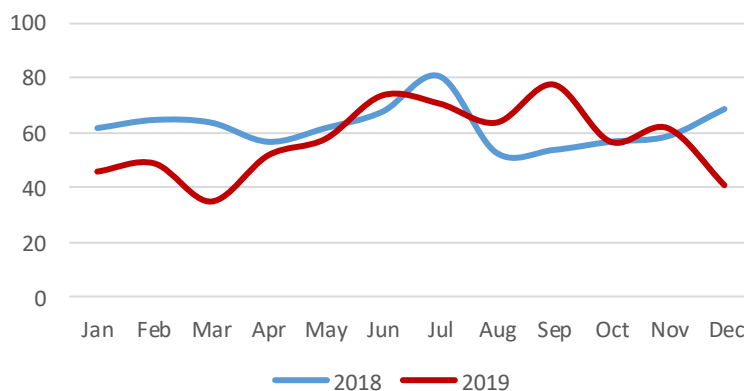
During 2019, the City of Lowell had a total of 687 Vandalism incidents reported. This shows a 69% (9%) (n=64) decrease when compared to 2018 and a 35% decrease over the 5-year period.

Although the number of Vandalism incidents have decreased, the months of June, August, September and November had increases when compared to the prior year.

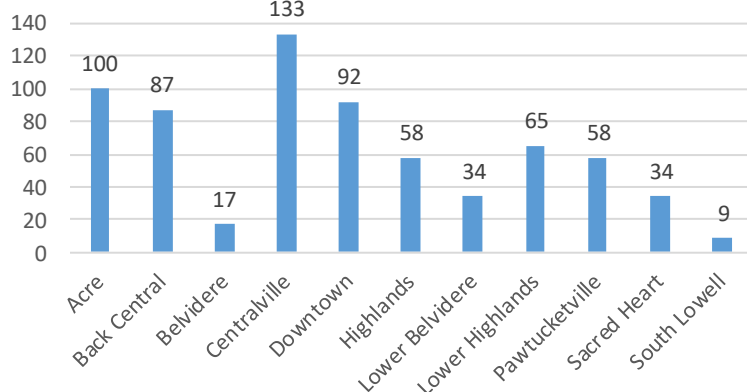
Centralville had the highest number of incidents with 19% (n=133), followed by the Acre with 15% (n=100), and Downtown with 13% (n=92). The Highlands (-22%) and Lower Belvidere (-21%) Neighborhoods saw significant decreases when compared to 2018.

Approximately 74% of Vandalism incidents occurred on Platoon 1 and Platoon 3. The highest number of incidents were reported Saturday (n=118) and Sunday (n=130). The higher number of incidents by both Platoon and day for 2019 are consistent with 2018 statistics.

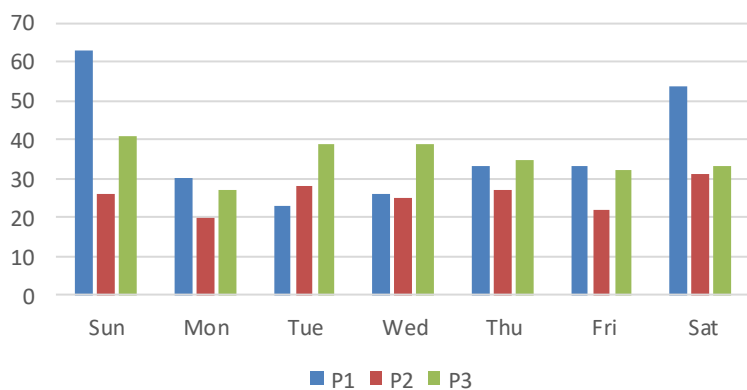
2018-2019 Vandalism by Month



2019 Vandalism by Neighborhood

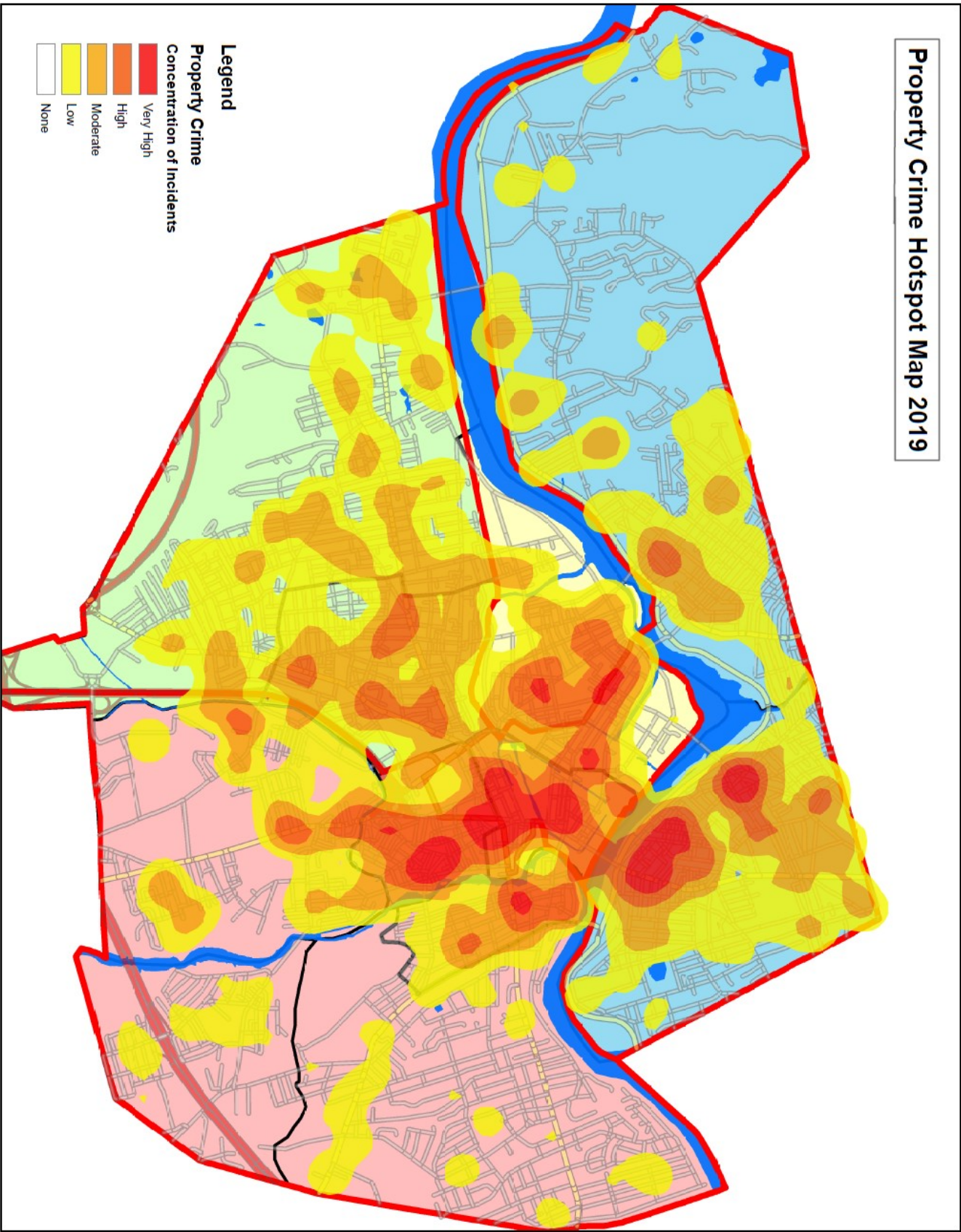


2019 Vandalism by Day/Platoon





PROPERTY CRIME MAP





DRUG ARRESTS

City of Lowell 5-Year Drug Arrests

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Frequency	272	274	257	243	247	259	-9%

In 2019, there were a total of 247 persons arrested for a drug offense, resulting in 361 charges being sought. This number reflects a 2% increase when compared to 2018 and a 9% decrease over the 5-year period.

2018-2019 Drug Arrests by Category

Type	2018	2019	2018-2019 Frequency Change	2018-2019 Percent Change
Distribution	86	85	-1	-1%
Possession	127	124	-3	-2%
Other	3	12	9	300%
Trafficking	27	26	-1	-4%
Total	243	247	4	2%

Arrests statistics are similar to 2018, with Distribution (-1%), Possession (-2%), and Trafficking (-4%) all declining slightly. Arrests for "Other" (all Conspiracy) increased 300% or by 9. Five percent of those arrested were suspected gang members or associates.

2019 Drug Arrests by Drug Class

Type	Class A	Fentanyl	Class B	Class C	Class D	Class E	N/A
Distribution	37	0	39	1	8	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
Possession	52	0	57	3	2	10	0
Trafficking	1	20	5	0	0	0	0
Total	90	20	101	4	10	10	12

In regards to drug classification, many cases included multiple classes of drugs. For the purpose of this analysis, drug class was organized by the primary drug. In the majority of cases, persons were arrested for Class B (41%), and Class A (36%).



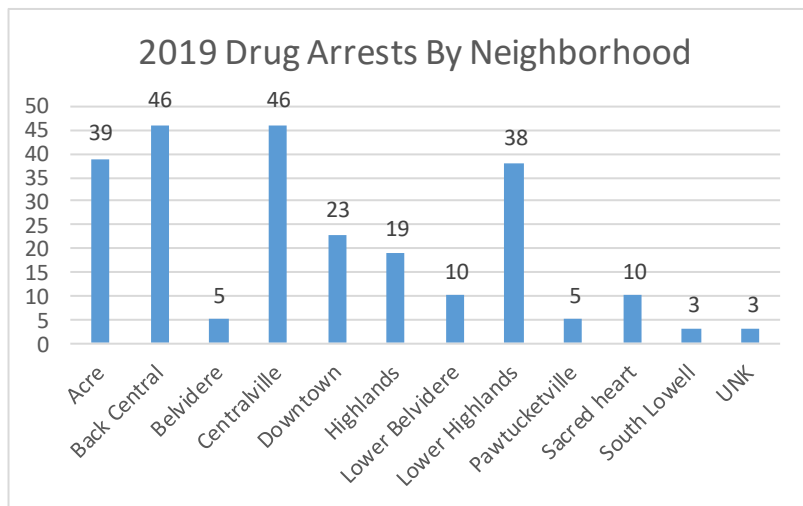
DRUG ARRESTS *CONTINUED*

Of the individuals arrested for Drug Charges, the majority were between the ages of 25-34 (38%), followed by 35-44 (25%), and 18-24 (16%). Offenders in most cases were male (82%), and either White (46%) or Hispanic (42%).

Of those arrested, 64% were residents of Lowell, Fifteen-percent listed themselves as Homeless (up from 13% in 2018). The remaining 23% were from outside of Lowell. Those from outside Lowell were from the following Massachusetts communities: Billerica, Boston, Brockton, Chelmsford, Dracut, East Boston, Haverhill, Hyde Park, Lawrence, Littleton, Lynn, Merrimack, Methuen, Natick, Stoneham, Stoughton, Tyngsborough, Winthrop, Woburn, and Wrentham. Those from out of state were from the following areas: Greensboro NC, Hudson NH, Lebanon NH, Nashua NH, and Providence, RI,

Drug arrests average 21 per month, with arrests primarily taking place in Centralville (n=46), Back Central (n=46), Acre (n=39), and the Lower Highlands (n=38). Those arrestee's from out of town, were arrested in Back Central (n=17), Lower Highlands (n=14), Centralville (n=12), Downtown (n=12), and the Acre (n=11).

20178-2019 Drug Arrests Age of Offender		
Age Range	2018	2019
17 and Under	7	1
18-24	40	40
25-34	117	93
35-44	48	61
45-54	24	36
55 and Over	7	16
Total	243	247





OPIOID OVERDOSES

City of Lowell 5- Year Opioid Related Overdoses

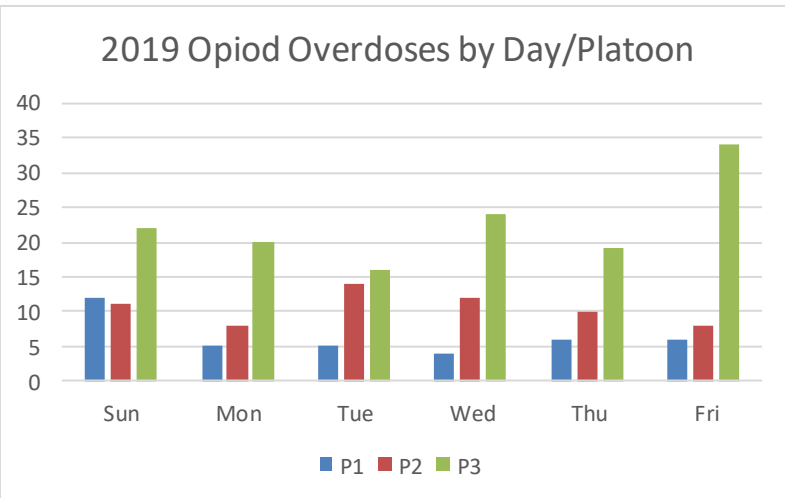
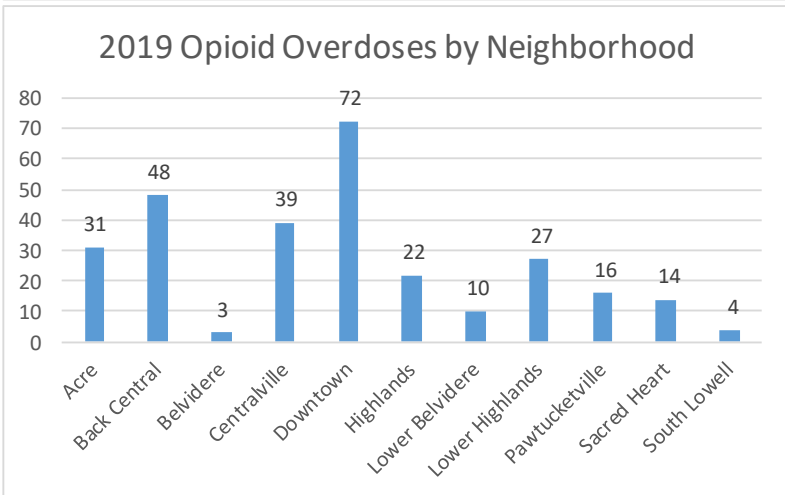
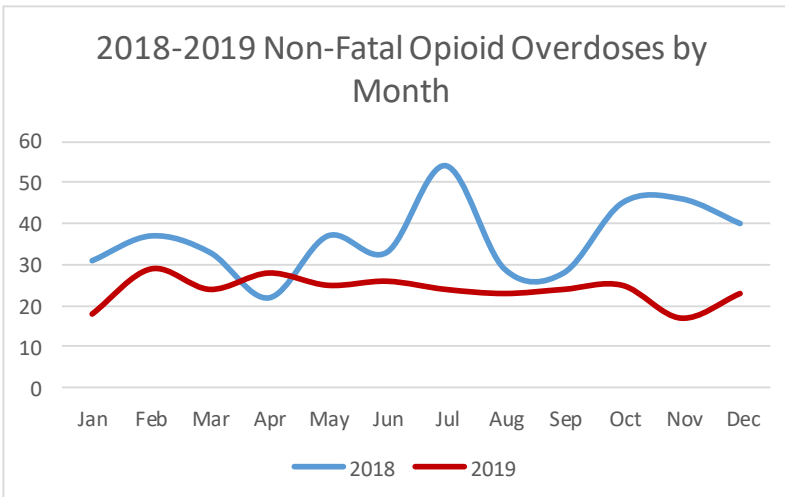
Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2018-2019 Percent Change
Frequency	N/A	427	467	435	286	-34%

In 2019, the LPD responded to 286 Opioid Overdoses, a decrease of 34% (n=149) when compared to 2018. Overdose statistics are based on information gathered at the scene by the responding officer, and are not consistent with City of Lowell overdose statistics provided by Trinity. Please refer to the Methodology section on page 5 for a full explanation.

In 64% of the cases, Narcan was listed within the police report as being administered. Narcan could have been administered by LPD, Lowell Fire Department (LFD), Trinity Emergency Medical Services (EMS), or a citizen on scene prior to emergency services arriving.

Downtown (n=72), Back Central (n=48), Centralville (n=39), and Acre (n=31) had the highest number of overdoses. Acre has the largest decrease, from 63 in 2018 to 31 in 2019.

Approximately 56% of the Opioid Overdoses took place on Platoon 3, followed by Platoon 2 (26%), and Platoon 1 (18%). When looking across Day of Week, there was no trend.





OPIOID SUDDEN DEATHS

City of Lowell 5- Opioid Related Sudden Deaths

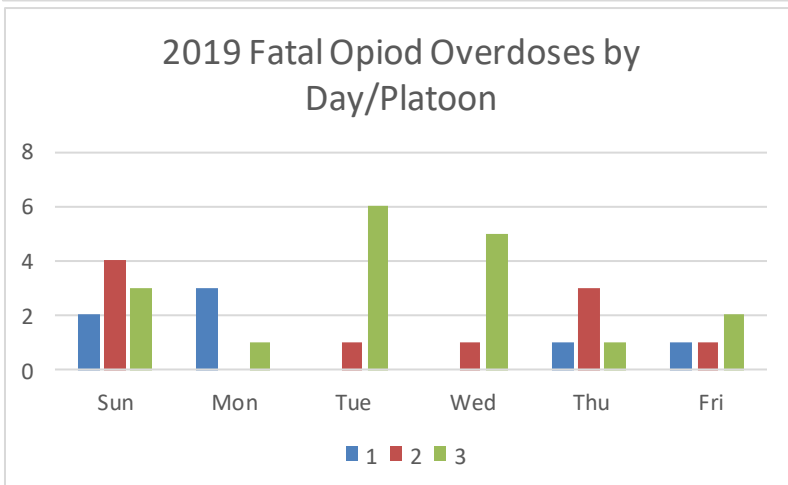
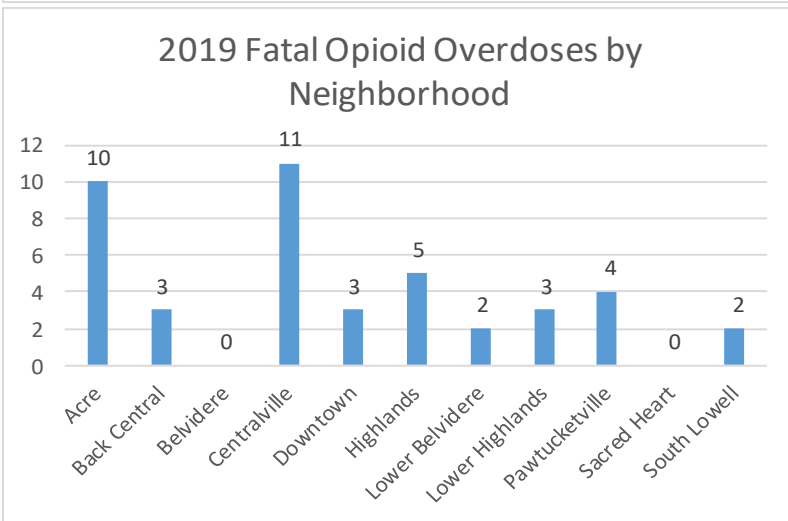
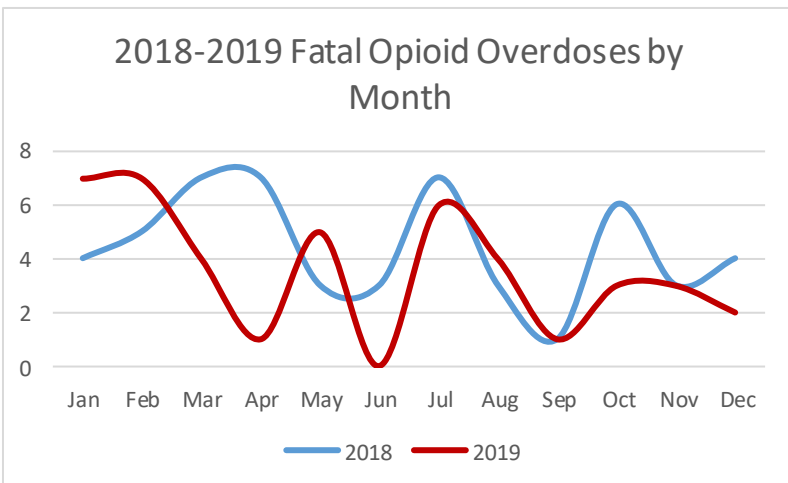
Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2018-2019 Percent Change
Frequency	N/A	62	46	53	43	-19%

In 2019, there were a total of 43 Sudden Deaths attributed to an Opioid Overdose. This statistic reflects a 19% decrease when compared to 2018. Opioid-Related Sudden Death statistics are based on information gathered at the scene by the responding officer. Please refer to the Methodology Section on page 5 for a full explanation.

Centralville (n=11), Acre (n=10), Highlands (n=5), and Pawtucketville (n=4) had the highest number of Overdose deaths.

Officers on Platoon 3 responded to the majority of the overdose fatalities (n=21), followed by Platoon 2 (n=13), and Platoon 1 (n=9). A higher number of fatal Overdoses were reported over the weekends (42%).

Victims are more often than not male (81%), with a mean age of 41 (identical to 2018). Nine victims were 30 years old or younger, with the youngest age 26.





JUVENILE ARRESTS

City of Lowell 5- Year Juvenile Arrests

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5-Year Percent Change
Frequency	195	224	174	145	87	165	-55%

2019 Juvenile arrests have decreased 55% over the 5-year period and decreased 40% when compared to 2018. See below for arrests by crime category. Note that data is displayed in a hierarchy, and the highest offense included.

2018-2019 Juvenile Arrests by Charge

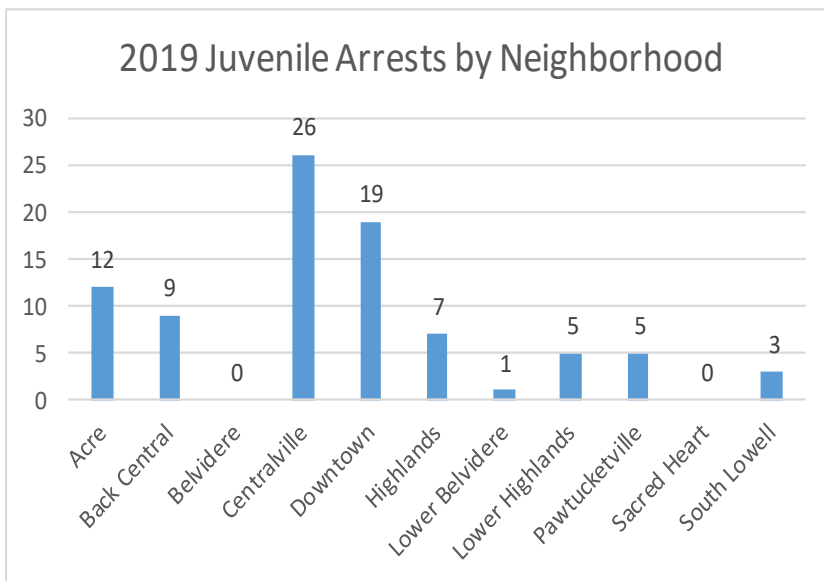
Category	2018	2019	Frequency Change	Percent Change
Aggravated Assault	32	13	-19	-59%
Arson	0	1	1	Not Calculable
Burglary	7	1	-6	-86%
Disorderly	22	8	-14	-64%
Domestic	2	0	-2	-100%
Drug Offenses	5	1	-4	-80%
Larceny Theft	3	4	1	33%
Motor Vehicle Theft	4	7	3	75%
Motor Vehicle Violation	0	5	5	Not Calculable
Liquor Law	0	1	1	Not Calculable
Robbery	2	6	4	200%
Shoplifting	1	0	-1	-100%
Simple Assault	42	11	-31	-74%
Stolen Property Offenses	1	0	-1	-100%
Theft from a Motor Vehicle	1	2	1	100%
Trespass	0	2	2	Not Calculable
Unlawful Possession of a Firearm	1	1	0	No Change
Vandalism	0	1	1	Not Calculable
Violation City Ordinance –Weapon	1	5	4	400%
Violate RO	0	1	1	Not Calculable
Warrant	21	17	-4	-19%
Total	145	87	-58	-40%



JUVENILE ARRESTS

Juvenile arrests were more prevalent in the Centralville neighborhood (n=26), followed by the Downtown (n=19), and the Acre (n=12).

Of the Juveniles arrested, 79% were male and 21% female. Those arrested were Hispanic (59%), White (16%), Black (15%), and Asian (8%). Unknown race accounted for less than 2%.



Juvenile Arrests by Gender and Race			
Race	Male	Female	Total
Asian	6	1	7
Black	13	0	13
Hispanic	39	12	51
White	11	3	14
Unknown	1	1	2
Total	70	17	87



LOWELL PUBLIC SCHOOL CRIME

Incidents at Lowell public schools during the 18-19 school year have decreased 2% when compared to the 17-18 school year. Schools with a zero frequency are not included in the below statistics.

2017-2018/ 2018-2019 School Year			
	17-18 School Year	18-19 School Year	Frequency Change
Bailey School	2	2	0
Bartlett Middle School	5	1	-4
Bridge Program	0	10	+10
Butler Middle School	13	22	+9
Cardinal O'Connell	13	4	-9
Daley Middle School	1	1	0
Greenhalge School	3	2	-1
Laura Lee	7	4	-3
LeBlanc School	12	9	-3
Lincoln School	2	1	-1
Lowell High School	46	73	+27
McAuliffe School	4	0	-4
McAvinnue School	4	1	-3
Moody School	1	2	+1
Morey School	2	4	+2
Murkland School	3	5	+2
Pawtucket Memorial School	4	0	-4
Pyne School	4	9	+5
Reilly School	1	1	0
Robinson School	25	16	-9
Shaughnessy School	5	2	-3
STEM Academy at the Rogers School	7	7	0
Stoklosa Middle School	8	5	-3
Sullivan School	10	13	+3
The Career Academy	12	2	-10
Wang School	7	0	-7
Washington School	0	1	+1
Total	201	197	-4



FIREARM ACTIVITY

City of Lowell 5- Year Firearm Activity

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	5- Year Percent Change
Frequency	141	119	139	121	131	130	-7%

In 2019, there were a total of 131 incidents involving a firearm reported to the LPD. This number reflects an 8% increase when compared to 2018 and a 7% decrease over the 5-year period.

2018-2019 Firearm Activity Comparison

Category	2018	2019	2018-2019 Frequency Change	2018-2019 Percent Change
Homicide (Firearm)	3	1	-2	-67%
Armed Robbery/Home Invasion	19	23	4	21%
Aggravated Assault	17	21	4	24%
Improper Storage	0	5	5	Not Calculable
Recovered Firearm	21	19	-2	-10%
Shots Fired	33	38	5	15%
Unlawful Possession of a Firearm	28	24	-4	-14%
Total	121	131	10	8%

Increases were noted in the following categories: Armed Robbery/Home Invasion (21%), Aggravated Assault (24%), and Shots Fired (15%).

City of Lowell 5- Year Recovered Firearms

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5-Year Average	2018-2019 Percent Change
Frequency	70	63	57	107	82	76	-23%

Officers recovered 82 firearms in 2019, which is a 23% decrease from the 107 recovered in 2018. Firearms were primarily recovered by the following means: turned in to police (31%), recovered during the search of a residence (25%), search of a motor vehicle (18%), search of a person (18%), or found at an outside location (8%). Thirteen percent of those found illegally in possession of a firearm were suspected gang members or associates.



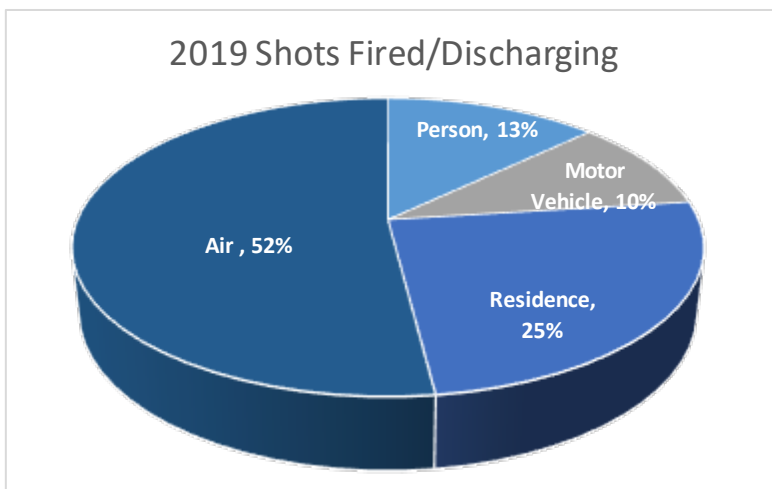
FIREARM ACTIVITY CONTINUED

2018-2019 CAD Shots Fired

Year	2018	2019	Frequency Change	2018-2019 Percent Change
CAD Entries	131	123	-8	-6%
Verified Shots Fired/ Discharge of a Firearm	55	63	8	15%
During the Commission of Another Crime	22	25	3	14%

In 2019, there were a total of 123 CAD Entries for Gun Shots. Of the 123 calls, 63 were verified as shots fired.

In the majority of incidents shots were fired and nothing was hit (52%). However in 25% of the cases a house was damaged, a person was struck (13%), or a vehicle (10%) was struck by gunfire.



City of Lowell 5-Year Non-Fatal Shootings

Type	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Gang Involved	5	7	6	9	5
Non-Gang	2	2	3	4	3
Total	7	9	9	13	8

In 2019, non-fatal shootings decreased 38% when compared to 2018. In 2019, 8 victims were struck by gunshots, 5 of which were Gang-related.

City of Lowell 5-Year Fatal Shootings

Type	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Gang Involved	0	0	0	3	1
Non-Gang	0	0	1	0	0
Total	0	0	1	3	1

In 2019, there was 1 Homicide by means of a firearm, which was Gang related.

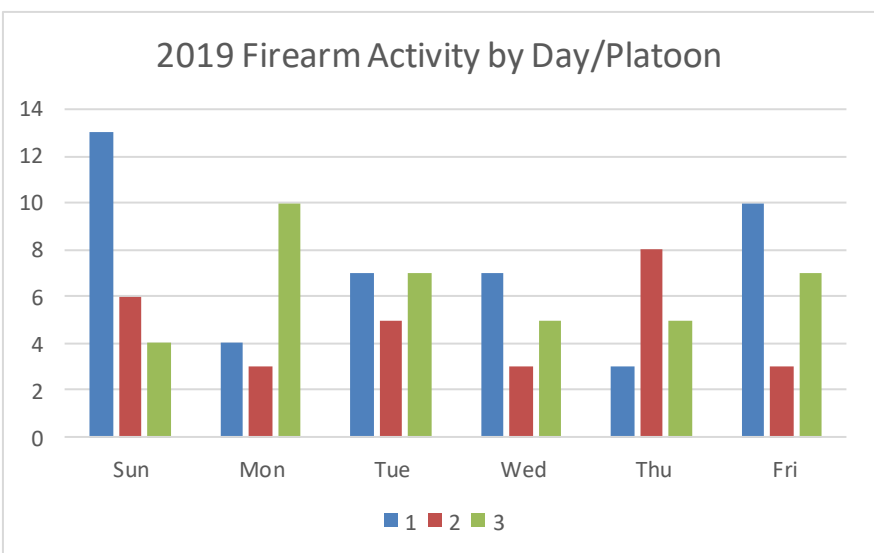
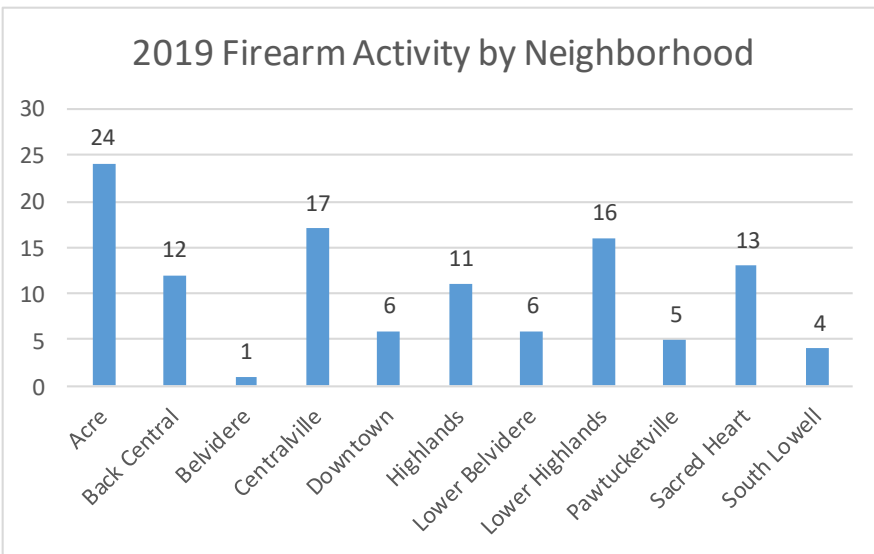
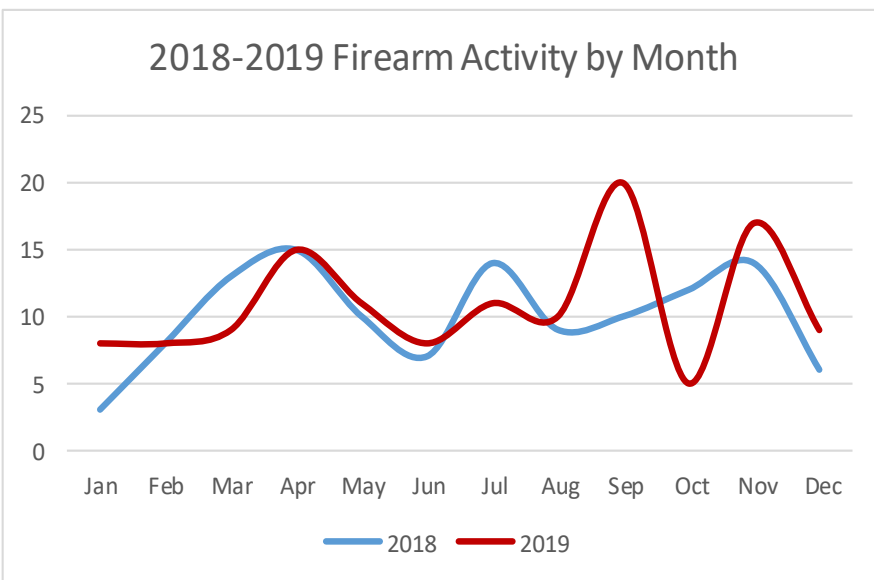


FIREARM ACTIVITY CONTINUED

2019 statistics followed the 2018 pattern by month for the most part until the month of September. September reported a total of 20 incidents, double that of 2018. October rebounded bringing the numbers well below 2018, with statistics following 2018 through the remainder of the year.

The most problematic neighborhoods for firearm activity are the Acre (n=24), Centralville (n=17), and Lower Highlands (n=18). Note that Surrenders/Firearms turned into police were removed prior to calculations by Neighborhood.

Forty-three percent of all firearm activity took place on Platoon 1, followed by Platoon 3 (34%), and Platoon 2 (23%). Specifically incidents begin to increase at 23:00, and continue through 03:00, on Friday, Saturday, and Sundays.





GANG ACTIVITY

City of Lowell 5-Year Trend in Gang Activity

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	5 Year Percent Change
Frequency	304	265	292	320	272	-8%

In 2019, there were a total of 272 gang involved incidents reported to the LPD, which reflects a 15% decrease when compared to 2018 and a 11% decrease over the 5-year period. During the aforementioned time period, officers arrested 115 suspected gang members/associates, filed 96 complaint applications, and cleared 57 warrants.

2018-2019 Gang Activity Comparison by Crime Category

Category Type	2018	2019	Frequency Change	2018-2019 Percent Change
Homicide	4	1	-3	-75%
Armed Robbery/ Home Invasion	6	12	6	100%
Aggravated Assault	36	27	-9	-25%
Arson	1	0	-1	-100%
Burglary	6	0	-6	-100%
Disorderly Conduct	18	14	-4	-22%
Domestic Argument/ RO Violation	51	27	-24	-47%
Drug Offenses	19	13	-6	-32%
Harassment/Threats/Intimidation/Unwanted	8	6	-2	-25%
Indecent Assault	1	3	2	200%
Liquor Law Violation	2	3	1	50%
Missing	2	2	0	0%
MV Theft	5	5	0	0%
MV Violations	100	99	-1	-1%
Shoplifting	3	0	-3	-100%
Shots Fired (not in conjunction with another crime)	14	16	2	14%
Simple Assault	18	18	0	0%
Stolen Property Offenses/ Larceny Theft	5	5	0	0%
Trespass	0	4	4	Not Calculable
Unlawful Possession of a Firearm	7	12	5	71%
Vandalism	11	5	-6	-55%
Weapons Violation (non- firearm)	3	0	-3	-100%
Total	320	272	-48	-15%
Warrants	85	57	-28	-33%



GANG ACTIVITY CONTINUED

5-Year Gang Related Shootings/ Recovered Firearms

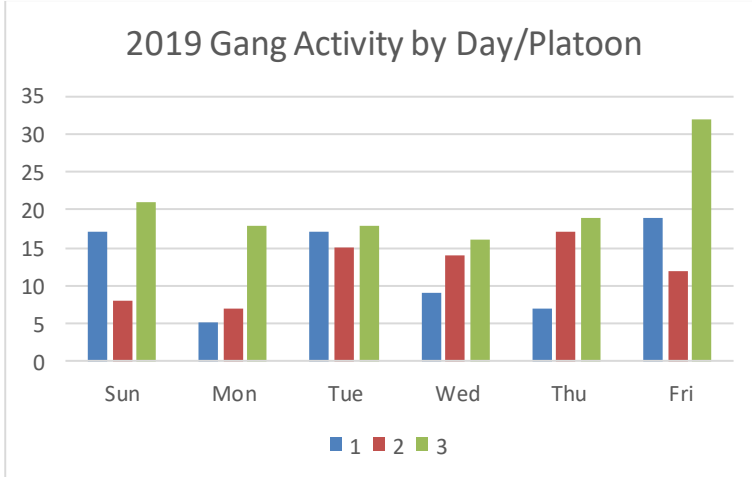
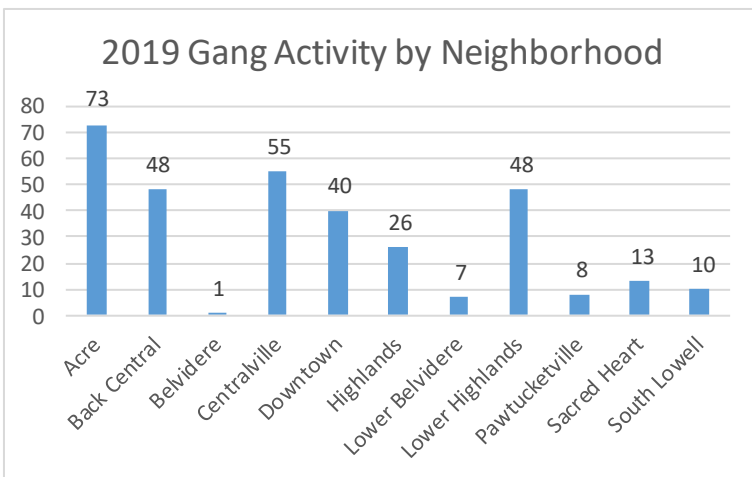
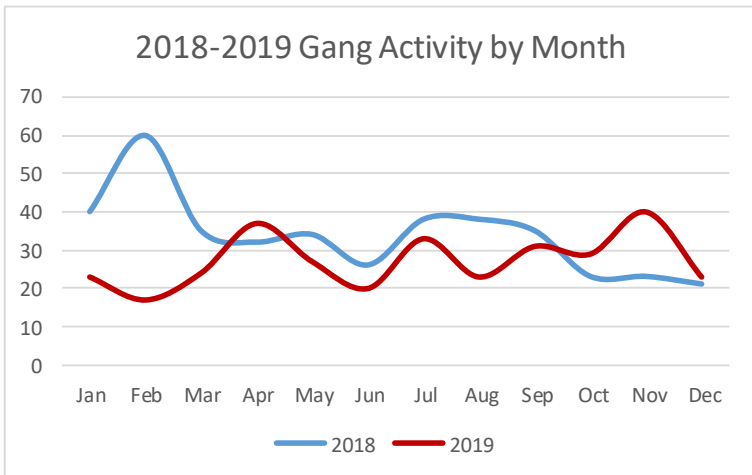
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Gang Related Non-Fatal Shootings	5	7	6	9	5
Gang Related Shootings into a Dwelling	5	5	8	7	2
Firearms Recovered from a Gang Member/Associate	30	18	22	16	24

In 2019, there was 1 Gang-related homicide. Non-fatal Gang-related shootings decreased 44%, and Gang-related shootings into a residence decreased 71%. Officers recovered 24 guns from a suspected gang member or associate.

On average, there are approximately 27 gang related incidents per month. Gang activity surpassed that number for several months, with April having the highest number (n=37).

The Acre (n=72), Centralville (n=54) and Lower Highlands (n=48) neighborhoods are the most problematic areas. These same neighborhoods also had the highest number of Gang related incidents in the previous year (2018).

Overall there is a higher level of gang activity between 17:00 and 22:59 hours (Platoon 3), most days of the week, with times shifting slightly later on the weekends, 20:00-02:59.





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